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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/955,424	09/18/2001	Fuji Yang	LARSSON 26-13-2	9474
47396	7590	02/23/2005	EXAMINER	
HITT GAINES, PC AGERE SYSTEMS INC. PO BOX 832570 RICHARDSON, TX 75083			AHN, SAM K	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2637	

DATE MAILED: 02/23/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

# Office Action Summary

Application No.

09/955,424

Applicant(s)

YANG ET AL.

Examiner

Sam K. Ahn

Art Unit

2637

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

## Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

## Status

- 1) ☒ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 September 2001.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

## Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☒ Claim(s) 1-33 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☒ Claim(s) 1-7, 10-18, 21-29, 32 and 33 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☒ Claim(s) 8, 9, 19, 20, 30 and 31 is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

## Application Papers

- 9) ☒ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.  
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).
- 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.

## Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119

- 12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:
- ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  - ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  - ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).

\* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.

## Attachment(s)

- ☒ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)  
Paper No(s)/Mail Date \_\_\_\_\_
- ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413)  
Paper No(s)/Mail Date \_\_\_\_\_
- ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- ☐ Other: \_\_\_\_\_

## **DETAILED ACTION**

### ***Specification***

1. The disclosure is objected to because of the following informalities: please update the co-pending application numbers to patent numbers, when applicable, in various parts of the application. Appropriate correction is required.

### ***Claim Objections***

2. Claims 1-33 are objected to because of the following informalities:

In claim 1, line 4, delete "plurality including" and insert "plurality of channel-specific receivers including".

In claims 4 and 8, line 1, respectively, delete "said plurality" and insert "said plurality of channel-specific receivers".

In claim 12, line 7, delete "plurality including" and insert "plurality of channel-specific receivers including".

In claims 15 and 19, line 1, respectively, delete "said plurality" and insert "said plurality of channel-specific receivers".

In claim 23, lines 7-8, delete "plurality including" and insert "plurality of channel-specific receivers including".

In claims 26 and 30, line 2, respectively, delete "said plurality" and insert "said plurality of channel-specific receivers".

Claims 2,3,5-7,9-11,13,14,16-18,20-22,24,25,27-29 and 31-33 directly or indirectly depend on claim 1,12 or 23. Appropriate correction is required.

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102***

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless –

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

3. Claims 1-3,10,12-14,21,23-25 and 32 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Shastri USP 6,552,619 B2.

Regarding claims 1,12 and 23, Shastri discloses a multi-channel serdes receiver (see Fig.1 in an integrated circuit, note col.1, line 19-20 inherently comprising a substrate and plurality of circuit layers), comprising: a central frequency synthesizer (2); and a plurality of channel-specific receivers (CRC0 ~ CRCn) coupled to said central frequency synthesizer, each of said plurality of channel-specific receivers including a clock recovery circuit having a phase detector (3) and a phase interpolator (6, and note col.15, lines 41-53, further shown as 70 in Fig.29), said clock recovery circuit coupling said phase detector and said central frequency synthesizer (as illustrated in Fig.1).

Regarding claims 2,3,13,14,24 and 25, Shastri teaches all subject matter claimed, as applied to claim 1,12 or 23. Shastri further teaches wherein said central

frequency synthesizer (2) includes a voltage-controlled oscillator (VCO) and is a phase-locked loop (PLL), (note col.19, lines 30-35 wherein clocks are generated by a VCO in a PLL).

Regarding claims 10,21 and 32, Shastri teaches all subject matter claimed, as applied to claim 1, 12 or 23. Shastri further teaches a clock generation circuit (72a ~ 72d in Fig.29) coupled to said phase interpolator (6 in Fig.1 or 70 in Fig.29) and configured to generate a plurality of clock signals (RCKN, RCK, QRCKN, QRCK).

### ***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

4. Claims 4,15 and 26 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shastri USP 6,552,619 B2 in view of Shahriary et al. USP 5,184,092 (Shahriary).

Regarding claims 4,15 and 26, Shastri teaches all subject matter claimed, as applied to claim 1,12 or 23. Shastri further teaches wherein said plurality of channel-specific receivers further includes at least one filter (4) coupled to said phase interpolator (70 in Fig.29) and a demultiplexer (71a~71h). However, Shastri does not explicitly teach wherein said filter is an integrator performing an integrate-and-dump function.

Shahriary teaches wherein a filter is a voltage integrator low-pass loop filter (20 in Fig.1, note col.1, lines 50-52, integrating signal in a filter. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention to modify Shastri's digital filter with the low-pass filter of Shahriary for the purpose of removing any AC components of the DC magnitude signal, as taught by Shahriary (note col.1, line 66-68).

5. Claims 5,16 and 27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shastri USP 6,552,619 B2 in view of Shahriary et al. USP 5,184,092 (Shahriary) and Hegeler USP 5,457,423.

Regarding claims 5,16 and 27, Shastri in view of Shahriary teach all subject matter claimed, as applied to claim 4,15 or 26. Although Shastri does not explicitly teach wherein the integrating filter performs an integrate-and-dump function, Shahriary further teaches that an integrate and dump circuit may be coupled to the circuit (note col.2, lines 23-27). Hegeler teaches wherein a filter is coupled to an integrate-and-dump circuit (see 4,5 in Fig.1) Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention to modify Shastri's system to couple the integrate-and-dump circuit to the filter for the purpose of removing any noise and fading, as taught by Shahriary (note col.2, lines 23-29). Thus, the combination of the two elements may be capable of functioning the limitation recited.

6. Claims 6,17 and 28 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shastri USP 6,552,619 B2 in view of Perino et al. USP 6,687,319 B1 (Perino).

Regarding claims 6,17 and 28, Shastri teaches all subject matter claimed, as applied to claim 1,12 or 23. However, Shastri does not explicitly teach wherein the clock recovery circuit comprises a delay-locked loop clock and data recovery circuit.

Perino teaches devices (2-4 in Fig.3) using a DLL clock (note col.12, lines 31-34, as is well-known), and further teaches wherein devices comprise data recovery circuit (see 46 in Fig.33). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention to modify Shastri's clock recovery circuit to be incorporated in the devices, taught by Perino comprising the DLL clock and the data recovery circuit for the purpose of recovering not only the clock signal but data signal as well, since noise and error may also affect the data signal.

7. Claims 7,18 and 29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Shastri USP 6,552,619 B2 in view of Brekelmans et al. USP 6,795,695 B1 (Brekelmans).

Regarding claims 7,18 and 29, Shastri teaches all subject matter claimed, as applied to claim 1,12 or 23. Shastri further teaches wherein said central frequency synthesizer (2) providing 16 phases (see Fig.4) wherein the 16 phases, however, does not explicitly teach providing in-phase and quadrature-phase clock signals. However, does not explicitly teach wherein the central frequency synthesizer provides the in-phase and quadrature-phase clock signals.

Brekelmans teaches (see Fig.7a) central frequency synthesizer (FRE) providing the in-phase and quadrature-phase clock signals (note col.8, lines 5-7). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention to transmit two different types of clocks by the central frequency synthesizer for the purpose of having different functions for each of the clocks, as taught by Brekelmans (note col.8, lines 1-12).

8. Claims 11,22 and 33 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Shastri USP 6,552,619 B2 in view of Perez USP 5,726,596.

Regarding claims 11,22 and 33, Shastri teaches all subject matter claimed, as applied to claim 10,21 or 32. However, Shastri does not explicitly teach at least one synchronizer configured to reduce skew between said plurality of clock signals.

Perez teaches clock distribution system comprising synchronizer circuit (410,420 in Fig.4). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one skilled in the art at the time of the invention to couple Perez's synchronizer circuit to the output of Shastri's 72a~72d elements for the purpose of minimizing skew in the clock signals, as taught by Perez (note col.6, lines 1-8).

#### ***Allowable Subject Matter***

9. Claims 8,9,19,20,30 and 31 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of



the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims, and overcome the claim objections.

10. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter:

Present application discloses a serdes receiver for generating a plurality of clock signals for plurality of receivers wherein each of the receivers comprise a phase detector, phase interpolator coupled to a central frequency synthesizer. Closest prior art, Shastri teaches or suggests in combination, all the limitations claimed. However, prior art do not teach the combination of all the elements with two integrators configured to perform a first 1:2 demultiplexing operation, and further do not teach four latches coupled to said integrators to perform a second 1:2 demultiplexing operation, as claimed.

### ***Conclusion***

11. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Leung teaches providing plurality of clock signals by the central frequency synthesizer (86), and receiving two different clock signals by the phase interpolators.

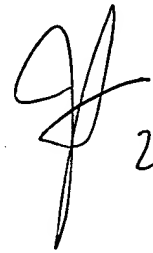
Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Sam Ahn whose telephone number is (571) 272-3044. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jay Patel can be reached on (571) 272-2988. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see <http://pair-direct.uspto.gov>. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Sam K. Ahn  
2/17/05



2/18/05

**TEMESGHEN GHEBRETINSAE**  
**PRIMARY EXAMINER**